



## COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES WASHINGTON D.C. 20548

B-164163

APRIL 11, 1985

To the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives

Subject: Examination of Financial Statements of the Minority Printing Clerk, House of Representatives, for the Years Ended September 30, 1983 and 1982 (GAO/AFMD-85-33)

Pursuant to section 451 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970 (40 U.S.C. 193m-1), which authorizes GAO to audit private organizations conducting activities on Capitol grounds, we have examined the balance sheets of Thomas J. Lankford, Inc., the minority printing clerk, House of Representatives, as of September 30, 1983 and 1982, and the related statements of operations, retained earnings, and changes in financial position for the years then ended. Our examinations were made in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and, accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly the financial position of Thomas J. Lankford, Inc., as of September 30, 1983 and 1982, and the results of its operations and changes in its financial position for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and the financial accounting policies described in note 1 to the financial statements applied on a consistent basis.

Enclosure I contains our report on internal accounting controls and compliance with laws and regulations. Enclosure II contains our comments on the operations of the corporation. Enclosures III through VII present the corporation's financial statements and accompanying notes for the years ended September 30, 1983 and 1982.

The Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970 requires that the results of our audit be reported to the Congress. Copies of this report are being furnished to cognizant congressional committees. A copy is also being sent to the minority leader and to the minority printing clerk of the House of Representatives, and copies will be made available to Members of the House and Senate and to the public upon request.

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Comptroller General of the United States

Enclosures

ENCLOSURE I ENCLOSURE I

#### REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROLS

#### AND COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

We have examined the financial statements of Thomas J. Lankford, Inc., the minority printing clerk, House of Representatives, for the years ended September 30, 1983 and 1982. Our examinations were made in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and, accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures, including tests of compliance with laws and regulations, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. This report pertains only to our preliminary review of the system of internal accounting control and our review of compliance with laws and regulations for the year ended September 30, 1983.

We did not complete a study or evaluation of the corporation's internal control system for the purpose of determining the nature, timing, and extent of the auditing procedures necessary for expressing an opinion on the corporation's financial statements. We concluded that it was more practicable to expand our substantive audit tests in examining the financial statements for the year ended September 30, 1983.

While we did not make an examination of the corporation's internal control system, we did not become aware of any condition during our expanded audit tests which we believe to be a material weakness. In audits where we do make an examination of the internal control system, material weaknesses in the internal control system would not necessarily be disclosed. Accordingly, even in such cases we would not be able to express an opinion on the system taken as a whole.

As part of our examination, we also tested the corporation's compliance with applicable laws and regulations. In our opinion, Thomas J. Lankford, Inc., the minority printing clerk, House of Representatives, complied with the terms and provisions of laws and regulations for the transactions tested that could have materially affected its financial statements. Nothing came to our attention, in connection with our examination, that caused us to believe that the corporation was not in compliance with the terms and provisions of laws and regulations for those transactions not tested.

### COMMENTS ON THE OPERATIONS OF THE

#### MINORITY PRINTING CLERK,

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The position of minority printing clerk originated from House Resolution 295 (July 7, 1943, 78th Congress), which (1) authorized employment of a clerk in charge of printing for the minority caucus room and (2) provided that the clerk be

- --designated by the minority leader and
- --compensated at the rate of \$2,000 per annum from appropriated funds.

Over the years, the minority printing clerk's pay increased from \$2,000 to \$16,743, the annual pay rate set in accordance with the pay adjustment which became effective October 1, 1977. As of October 1, 1978, however, the minority printing clerk's pay from appropriated funds was discontinued.

The minority printing clerk operates as Thomas J. Lankford, Inc., a firm organized and incorporated on December 16, 1963, primarily to provide printing and related services for Members of the House of Representatives. The minority printing clerk received a salary as president of the corporation during the fiscal years ended September 30, 1983 and 1982.

The minority printing clerk's offices and printing plant are in the west underground garage of the House of Representatives. The printing clerk does, for a fee, official printing for the minority leadership and printing and related services for Members of Congress, congressional committees, state societies, and political organizations.

On August 1, 1978, the corporation purchased land and a building for use as a warehouse. The corporation subsequently leased the building to another firm. Under the terms of the lease the corporation retains use of a minor portion of the warehouse for paper storage. In March 1982, the corporation purchased additional land adjacent to the warehouse.

The net income after taxes was \$227,670 for fiscal year 1983 and \$206,657 for fiscal year 1982.

# THOMAS J. LANKFORD, INC. BALANCE SHEET

ASSETS	Sep 1983	tember 30, 1982
CURRENT ASSETS:  Cash  Accounts receivabletrade  Accounts receivableofficers  Accounts receivableother  Inventory at cost  Advance payment on equipment  Prepaid expenses  Tax loss carryback claim (note 6)  Tax overpayment claim  Total current assets	\$ 102,3 277,7 28,2 19,0 78,3 - 2,5 5,1 11,2	90 \$ - 50 172,787 00 43,097 62 11,405 48 65,813 149,197 99 953 98 5,198 29 -
INVESTMENTS:  Warehouse property:  Land  Building  Less accumulated depreciation  Cash surrender value of officer's  life insurance policy	149,0 73,3 9,4 63,9	61 149,061 73,346 39 7,605 65,741
Total investments  FIXED ASSETS:  Printing equipment  Station wagon  Office equipment		34 378,529 98 9,398 63 1,263
Less accumulated depreciation  Total fixed assets	561,8 290,9 270,9	06     271,843       89     117,347
Total assets	\$1,051,4	87 \$818 <b>,</b> 799

The notes in enclosure VII are an integral part of this statement.

# THOMAS J. LANKFORD, INC. BALANCE SHEET

## LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

STOCKHOUDER B EQUILI			
	September 30,		
		1983	1982
Notes Payable (American National			
Bank, Vincennes, Indiana -			
13 1/2% interest)	\$	50,000	\$ 59,601
Accounts payable		36,150	33,810
Accrued taxes		186,393	194,987
Pension plan payable (note 2)		70,476	46,230
Accrued interest		462	
Accrued salaries		6,683	4,732
Unearned income		10,111	15,897
	_	107111	13,037
Total current liabilities		360,275	355,257
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY:			
Capital stockcommon:			
\$100 par value;			
1,500 shares			
authorized; 375			
shares issued and			
outstanding		37,500	37,500
Capital in excess of par value		51,464	51,464
capital in excess of par value	_	31,404	31,404
Total capital	*****	88,964	88,964
Retained earnings		602,248	374,578
•	_		
Total stockholder's equity		691,212	463,542
Total liabilities and			
stockholder's equity	\$1	,051,487	\$818,799
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The notes in enclosure VII are an integral part of this statement.

### THOMAS J. LANKFORD, INC. STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

		September 30,
	<u>1983</u>	1982
NET SALES	\$ <u>2,318,978</u>	\$ <u>2,744,443</u>
PRINTING EXPENSES:		
Camera supplies	28,341	32,046
Depreciation	67.621	35,224
Express and postage	10,255	9,286
Leased equipment (note 4)	69,584	96,312
Material and paper	616,884	1,040,085
Payroll taxes	30,406	36,433
Repairs and parts	16,855	15,912
Salaries	460,074	543,758
Subcontracts	137,064	180,148
Type, composition, and ink	40,765	64,862
Union pension fund	8,352	7,548
Union welfare fund	23,100	20,142
Total printing expense	1,509,301	2,081,756
Gross profit from sales	809,677	662,687
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES:		•
Accounting fees	9,000	11,995
Advertising and promotion	39,871	40.025
Station wagon	6,090	4,258
Depreciation	1,886	3,132
Employee pension plan (note 2)	70,503	44,728
General	8,211	7,993
Insurance	39,338	11,968
Legal fees	2,880	3,566
President-treasurer salary	171,400	157,600
Taxes	39,338	11,968
Telephone	1,280	1,258
Total administrative expenses	392,395	329,264
Net operating profit	417,282	333,423
NONOPERATING INCOME:		
Rental income (note 5)	18,312	22,141
Interest income	995	356
Miscellaneous income	4,921	676
Nonoperating income	24,228	23,173
NONOPERATING EXPENSES:		
Interest expense	28,229	24,829
Rental property expense	5,986	6,674
Loss on disposal of assets	150	-
•	34,365	31,503
Nonoperating expenses		
Income before taxes	407,145	325,093
PROVISION FOR FRANCHISE AND INCOME TAXES (note 3):		
District of Columbia	42,693	26,640
Federal	136,782	91,796
Total provision for franchise		
and income taxes	179,475	118,436
		<del></del>
Net income	\$ 227,670	\$ 206,657
EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$ 607	\$ 551

The notes in enclosure VII are an integral part of this statement.

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# THOMAS J. LANKFORD, INC. STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS

	September 30,	
	1983	<u>1982</u>
Balance at beginning of year	\$374,578	\$167,920
Net income for year	227,670	206,658
Balance at end of year	\$602,248	\$374,578

The notes in enclosure VII are an integral part of this statement.

### THOMAS J. LANKFORD, INC. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

	Years ended	September 30,
	1983	1982
FUNDS PROVIDED:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net income from operations	\$ 227,670	\$ 206,657
Depreciationnot requiring		
an outlay of cash	71,341	40,191
Increase in pension plan payable	24,246	5,312
Total funds provided	\$ 323,257	\$ 252,160
FUNDS APPLIED:		
Increase in cash surrender value		,
of officer's life insurance	4,554	772
Decrease in notes payable	-	55,000
Purchase of fixed assets	223,150	98,378
Increase in working capital	95,553	98,010
Total funds applied	\$ <u>323,257</u>	\$ 252,160

### ANALYSIS OF WORKING CAPITAL INCREASES AND (DECREASES)

	Years Ended 1983	September 30, 1982
WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES:		
Cash	\$ 102,390	\$(116,244)
Accounts receivabletrade	104,963	21,345
Accounts receivableofficers	(14,897)	8,000
Accounts receivableother	7,657	7,161
Inventory	12,535	789
Advance payment on equipment	(149,197)	149,197
Prepaid expenses	1,646	203
Tax overpayment claim	11,229	-
Accounts payable	(2,340)	76,596
Notes payable current portion	9,601	64,192
Estimated franchise and		
income tax liability	8,593	(98,645)
Accrued liabilities	(2,413)	(6,538)
Deferred income	5,786	(8,046)
CHANGE IN WORKING CAPITAL	\$ 95,553	\$ 98,010

The notes in enclosure VII are an integral part of this statement.

### THOMAS J. LANKFORD, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 1983 AND 1982

#### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

Certain benefits and services, such as space, utilities, and ordinary building repairs and maintenance, are paid from appropriated funds and furnished to the corporation at no charge.

Depreciation on assets placed in service acquired prior to fiscal year 1981 is provided at rates based on estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Depreciation equivalent to that under the accelerated cost recovery system was used for assets placed in service after January 1, 1981. The lives generally used are as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Printing equipmentnew	10 years
Printing equipmentused	5 years
Office furniture and equipment	10 years
Station wagon	3 years

Investment tax credit is accounted for on the flow through method.

Inventory is valued at cost on a first-in first-out basis.

### Note 2. Pension Plan

The corporation has a defined benefit pension plan covering its employees. The corporation's policy is to fund pension costs accrued. The expense of this plan for the years ended September 30, 1983 and 1982, was \$70,503 and \$44,728, respectively. A comparison of accumulated plan benefits and plan net assets for the corporation's

ENCLOSURE VII ENCLOSURE VII

pension plans, assuming rates of return of 6 percent, as of the two most recent actuarial valuation dates, is presented below:

Actuarial present value of accum- ulated plan benefits:	1983	<u>1982</u>
Vested Nonvested	\$392,077 4,189	\$236,491 4,971
Total	\$396,266	\$241,462
Plan net assets available for benefits	\$383,243	\$271,761

### Note 3. Income Taxes

Differences between the estimated federal income taxes at the statutory rates and the amounts provided are as follows:

	September 30,	
	1983	1982
Provision at statutory rate	\$147,897	\$117,038
1982-1983 tax proration	(372)	-
Investment credit	(21,830)	(107)
Tax penalties	11,396	****
Officer's life insurance	1,370	1,370
Depreciation excess of tax	·	·
over financial accounting	(1,449)	_
Disposal of assets	(230)	-
Adjustment for underestimate of		
tax due for fiscal year 1982		(26,505)
Provision for federal income tax	\$136,782	\$ 91,796

#### Note 4. Leased Equipment

The corporation has operating leases for certain duplicating and compugraphic equipment on an annual basis with the option of terminating the leases at anytime.

### Note 5. Rental Income

A tenant leases a portion of the corporation's warehouse on a month-to-month basis.

### Note 6. Tax Loss Carryback Claim

The corporation has an unresolved claim for a refund of prior year tax payments resulting from the application of a net operating loss carryback.